While acting as a heavy equipment spotter:

- ➤ Use large arm and hand movements that are easy to understand. Continue to signal even when the maneuver remains the same or is proceeding normally and safely. Keep your hands up and keep the proper signal going throughout the movement.
- Keep a safe distance from the equipment you are guiding but maintain continuous visual contact with the operator.
- Avoid walking into the path of moving equipment or a swinging load. Do not walk behind heavy equipment. Do not become positioned between two moving vehicles, or between a vehicle and a fixed object.
- If possible, avoid walking backwards while giving the signals if you are walking, you need to see where you are going.
- Allow for enough stopping distance and clearance.



Examples of signals that a heavy equipment spotter may use. Make sure you know the hand signals used on your job site.

The spotter should be positioned in such a way that they have a clear view of the areas the operator cannot see and at the same time not be in harm's way.

- ➤ If the spotter cannot find a safe place to stand while giving signals, stop the move. Talk to the operator about how to re-organize the move in a way that will allow the spotter to stand in a safe location.
- Spotters should wear high-visibility clothing, like a reflective safety vest.
- Spotters typically use hand signals because voice signals may not be heard or can be easily misunderstood, especially if the vehicle is loud, or there is noise on the job site. Use a two-way radio if the operator cannot see the spotter or hear verbal signals.



Acting as a heavy equipment spotter requires your full concentration. Do not perform any other duties while you are acting as a spotter. Do not look at a cell phone, wear headphones, chat with a co-worker, or do anything else that could pose a distraction while you are directing the movement of heavy equipment.

Spotters and equipment operators must work together, and both be completely focused on the task during the signaling activities. Together, the spotter and the heavy equipment operator should:

- agree on hand signals or verbal commands before starting
- know the operator's blind spots which may be to the rear, to the front, or on the sides of the equipment
- discuss the plan for getting the heavy equipment where it needs to go including positioning and planned movement of the equipment
- survey the area surrounding the heavy equipment and along the path of travel for potential hazards

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